

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product number	1000013424
Product identifier	7 OZ SULLIVAN PRIMETIME LB 12PK
Company information	SULLIVAN SUPPLY 35 INDUSTRIAL DRIVE DUNLAP, IA 51529 United States
Company phone	General Assistance 1-712-643-5902
Emergency telephone US	1-866-836-8855
Emergency telephone outside US	1-952-852-4646
Version #	03
Recommended use	Adhesive
Recommended restrictions	None known.
2. Hazard(s) identification	

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility, the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements

Danger	

Signal word Extremely flammable aerosol. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Hazard statement May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. **Precautionary statement** Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash Response with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from Storage sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Supplemental information	Static accumulating flammable liquid can beco grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid None.	me electrostatically charged even in bonded and and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methylene Chloride		75-09-2	20 - 40
Butane		106-97-8	10 - 20
n-Hexane		110-54-3	10 - 20
Perchloroethylene		127-18-4	10 - 20
Propane		74-98-6	10 - 20
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.		64742-89-8	2.5 - 10
Toluene		108-88-3	2.5 - 10
Cyclohexane		110-82-7	0.1 - 1
Other components below reportable levels			2.5 - 10

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 2 Aerosol. Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These slape may be insufficient to remay a static other sources.
	equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Type	Value	
Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2)	STEL	125 ppm	
,	TWA	25 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Components	^r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type	Value	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3	
110-02-7)		300 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	1000)	1000 ppm	
Components	Туре	Value	
Perchloroethylene (CAS	Ceiling	200 ppm	
127-18-4)	Coming		
	TWA	100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
ACGIH Components	Туре	Value	
-	-		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA	400 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value Components	s Type	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2)	TWA	50 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	STEL	100 ppm	
121-10-4)	TWA	25 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS	TWA	1050 mg/m3	
110-82-7)			
n-Hevane (CAS 110 54 2)	TWA	300 ppm 180 mg/m3	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	IVVA	180 mg/m3 50 ppm	
	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		-	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		1000 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	1000 ppm 560 mg/m3	
		560 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	STEL TWA	560 mg/m3	

ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2)	0.3 mg/l	Dichlorometha ne	Urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	0.5 mg/l	Tetrachloroethy lene	Blood	*
	3 ppm	Tetrachloroethy lene	End-exhaled air	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin d	lesignation			
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		Can be absorbed through the skin.		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		Can be absorbed through the skin.		
US - Minnesota Haz Subs: S	kin designation applies			
Perchloroethylene (CAS	127-18-4)	Skin designation applies.		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		Skin designation applies.		
US ACGIH Threshold Limit	/alues: Skin designation			
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.		
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.			
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment				
Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.			
Skin protection	ion			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.			
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.			
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.			
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.			
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.			

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	168.59 °F (75.88 °C) estimated
Flash point	-156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) Propellant estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.4 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	8.4 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	294.16 psig @70F estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.55 g/cm3 estimated
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Heat of combustion	36.67 kJ/g estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B)	20.99 kJ/g estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	84.08 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.552 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	84.08 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hydrogen chloride.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.

Product	Species	Test Results
7 OZ SULLIVAN PRIMETIME LB 1	2PK	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	12331 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	142 mg/l/4h
Components	Species	Test Results
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes
2030	Mouse	52 %, 120 Minutes
	D -4	
0.111.000 (0.0.0.110.00.7)	Rat	1355 mg/l
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)		
<u>Acute</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 32880 mg/m3, 4 Hours
		> 5540 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2)		5 5
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, Days
Inhalation		
Vapor		
LC50	Mouse	49000 mg/m3, 7 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 4 Hours
EDS0	Nabbit	
		> 5 ml/kg, 4 Hours
Inhalation LC50	Rat	> 5000 ppm, 24 Hours
2030	Nat	> 31.86 mg/l
01		73860 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral LD50	Rat	24 g/kg
	nat	
	Winter ret	24 ml/kg
	Wistar rat	49 g/kg
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)		
<u>Acute</u> Inhalation		
LC50	Dog; Mouse; Rabbit; Rat	3000 ppm
2000		

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Cat; Dog; Mouse; Rabbit; Ra	at > 1500 mg/kg
	Rat	3005 mg/kg
ropane (CAS 74-98-6)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes
		52 %, 120 Minutes
	Rat	1355 mg/l
		658 mg/l/4h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), lig	ht aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 1900 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 5000 mg/m3, 4 Hours
		> 4980 mg/m3
		> 4980 mg/m3, 4 Hours
		> 4.96 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4820 mg/kg
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	6405 - 7436 ppm, 6 Hours
		5320 ppm, 8 Hours
	Rat	5879 - 6281 ppm, 6 Hours
		25.7 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
		5 5
* Estimates for product may	be based on additional componer	it data not shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye	Direct contact with eyes may o	ause temporary irritation.
rritation		
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization Skin sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	a causa akin consitization
	This product is not expected to	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.	
	Il Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Methylene Chloride (CA Perchloroethylene (CA Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	S 127-18-4)	2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
	ted Substances (29 CFR 1910.10	
Methylene Chloride (CA		Cancer
	rogram (NTP) Report on Carcine	ogens
Methylene Chloride (CA	AS 75-09-2)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Perchloroethylene (CAS	127-18-4)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility	y. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dia	zziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs	through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and	enters airways.
Chronic effects	May cause damage to organs cause chronic effects.	through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may

12. Ecological information

toxicity	I oxic to a	equatic life with long lasting effects.	ι long lasting effects.	
Product		Species	Test Results	
7 OZ SULLIVAN PRIMI	ETIME LB 12PK			
Aquatic				
Algae	IC50	Algae	1568 mg/L, 72 Hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	36.2375 mg/L, 48 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Fish	14.3149 mg/L, 96 Hours	
Components		Species	Test Results	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110)-82-7)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours	
Methylene Chloride (CA Aquatic	AS 75-09-2)			
Algae	IC50	Algae	500.0001 mg/L, 72 Hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1689.5 mg/L, 48 Hours	
		Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1250 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	140.8 - 277.8 mg/l, 96 hours	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54	-3)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours	
Perchloroethylene (CAS	S 127-18-4)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	7.55 mg/L, 48 Hours	
		Water flea (Daphnia magna)	6.1 - 9 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4.82 mg/l, 96 hours	
Solvent naphtha (petrol	leum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)		
Aquatic				
Algae	IC50	Algae	4700 mg/L, 72 Hours	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	3)			
Aquatic	1050		400 0004	
Algae	IC50	Algae	433.0001 mg/L, 72 Hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	7.645 mg/L, 48 Hours	
		Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours	

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradabilityNo data is available on the degradability of this product.Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octand	ol / water (log Kow)	
Butane		2.89
Cyclohexane		3.44
Methylene Chloride		1.25
n-Hexane		3.9
Perchloroethylene		3.4
Propane		2.36
Toluene		2.73
Mobility in soil	No data available.	

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT		
		T.
	DU	

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.

ΙΑΤΑ

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
Packaging Exceptions	LTD QTY
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging Exceptions	LTD QTY
Transport in bulk according to	Not applicable.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	
DOT	

IATA; IMDG



FLAMMABI

Marine pollutant



General information

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	Listed.
Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2)	Listed.
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Listed.
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2)

Cancer Heart Central nervous system Liver Skin irritation Eye irritation

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	20 - 40	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	10 - 20	
Perchloroethylene	127-18-4	10 - 20	
Toluene	108-88-3	2.5 - 10	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0.1 - 1	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

35 %WV

594

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594 Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Methylene Chloride (CAS 75-09-2)	Listed: April 1, 1988
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	Listed: April 1, 1988
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin	

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-23-2021
Version #	03
Disclaimer	We cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.
Revision information	Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names Hazard(s) identification: Hazard statement